

Purfürst Connection
to
Adam and Eve.....

...begins with anyone on **The Purfürst Family Tree (see Surname Index, Volume One)**...
...who thus automatically connects to a **Purfurst, Purfuerst** or **Purfeerst** on the family tree...
...who thus automatically connects to my grandfather **Harmon Francis Purfeerst (1873-1955)**...
...and his wife, **Jennie June Johnson (1878-1958)** who last lived in Washington...
...to her grandmother Hannah (**Bostwick**) Johnson (1812-1894) who last lived in Minnesota...
...then through six generations of her **Bostwick** ancestors in America...
...to her Gr x 9 Grandfather **Arthur Bostock**, (1603-1680) who immigrated to Connecticut...
...then through thirteen generations of his Bostock ancestors back in England ...
...to his Gr x 14 Grandfather Sir **Warine de Bostock**, Knight, Lord of Bostock (1185-)...
...and his wife Countess **Hawise de Kevelioc (1180-1243)**...
...then through nine generations of her English royalty...
...to **Henry I**, King of England, (1068-1135) (son of William the Conqueror)...
...and Henry's wife **Matilda**, Princess of Scotland...
...to her father Malcom III, King of Scots (1031-1093)
...then through his ancestors, the reigns of twenty three preceding Kings of Scotland ...
...to Mor Macearca **Fergus**, who was the **First King of Scotland**, reign 496-499...
...but was also the 131st King of Ireland...
...through his ancestors, the reigns of one hundred thirty preceding Kings of Ireland...
...to **Milesius, King of Spain**, whose sons conquered Ireland in 1699 BC; two of whom become the First Kings of Ireland...
...to **BARTH**, Lord of Gothland (Getulia), (now North Africa) who had moved to Spain...
...then through the reigns of eight preceding Lords of Gothland ...
...to **LAMHFION** King of Scythia (now Crete) who had moved to Gothland ...
...then through the reigns of four kings of Scythia (north coast of Black Sea)...
...to **SRUTH**, Prince, who was expelled by the Pharaoh of Egypt to the Island of Crete ...
...then through the reigns of six generations of Scynthians north of the Caspian Sea and Egypt...
...to **Japhet**, the ancestor of all European peoples and the son of **Noah**...
...then through the Biblical lineage back to **Adam and Eve** which is outlined below along with additional detail concerning the the preceding monarchs....

Ancient and Biblical Genealogy
and the
Purfürst Connection
to
European Monarchs
and
American Presidents

Some people trace their ancestors to satisfy a requirement of their religion while others do it to satisfy their own curiosity. Regardless of the reason, the ultimate is to be able to trace your ancestors back to the creation of Adam which, according to Biblical scholars, occurred about 4000 BC. If you are fortunate enough to be able to trace your ancestors back to one of the Royal ruling families in England or Europe prior to the year AD 1500, a book entitled the *Royal Ancestors of Some L.D.S Families* compiled by Michel I. Call could provide the necessary information to enable you to do this. This book contains many pedigree charts tracking Royal ruling families from about AD 1500 to the creation of Adam. This is accomplished by Mr. Call combining information from three sources; namely many inter-related pedigree charts of ruling families of England and Europe from about AD 1500 to AD 140 as compiled by Michel Call; five pedigree charts covering the period of AD 140 to about 1886 BC taken from the *Kinship of Families* as compiled by Archibald F. Bennett; and one pedigree chart for the period from 1886 BC to the creation of Adam about 4000BC taken from the *Scriptures* as compiled by Albert F. Schmuhl.

You may ask how centuries old ancestral documentation such as I quote could even exist. Monarchs generally kept very extensive records simply to prove they were worthy of their title and that their children were worthy of succession. Much, however, was developed at the time of death.

An inquisition *post mortem* is not the same as a coroner's inquest, or the medical *post mortem* carried out after a suspicious death. In reality, a *post mortem* (Latin term meaning "after death") is a local inquiry into the lands (real estate) held by people of some status or social or financial standing. The purpose was to discover what income and legal rights were due to the Crown (the King). In other words, what property was held by the deceased, which might belong to the King. Remember, this was before modern times!

Inquisitions were held only when it was thought or known that the deceased held lands which belonged to the Crown. These records of *post mortems* are of value to the family researcher since the evidence presented in the inquiry gives the name of the property or holdings of the deceased. Next, the name and age of an heir are given, if there were one. In effect, the eldest male was in line to automatically receive all property of the father. If the heir was male, then he received all of the lands. If the heirs were daughters, then the land was divided among them regardless of their ages. When the heirs were under age, the King took possession of the lands until the heir(s) came of age. Sometimes a proof of age was recorded in a separate inquiry of inquisition. Widows also had rights of dower in the lands, which continued long after the death of their husbands, and there are inquisitions into this as well. These different actions are usually recorded as part of the inquisition *post mortem*

The ancestry of Donald Lee Purfeerst, the author of this research, can be traced back 29 generations to Osmer Botesoche who was born in the year AD 1025 in the country now known as England.

In 1085, in order to ascertain the extent of his domain, King of England William the Conqueror commissioned a survey of England's productive capacity; similar to a modern-day census. The purpose

was to establish who owned property and to assess taxes for same. The results of this survey have been referred to as the *Domesday Book*. The name Botestock was contained in the *Domesday Book* and stated that a Saxon named "Osmer" was previously proprietor of the various (*Botesoche*) townships in Chester. It was not long after his time that it is found spelled Bostock, as it is now written in England. The English pedigrees deduce the line of Bostock's from Osmer.

From a genealogy stand point, of greater interest is when the provincial king-at-arms or his deputy would visit the principal town of each province. All the landowning people below the nobility (gentry) would be summoned to come forward and record their respective pedigrees and show title to their armorial bearings. This data would be recorded at the College of Heralds. These "Visitations", as they were called, were made about every thirty years. The document resulting from one such "*Visitation of Cheshire in 1580*" identified 16 generations of the direct-line lineage for Osmer Botestock's descendants.

Along the line of descendants was Osmer Botesoche's Gr x 20 Grandson, Arthur Bostock, a.k.a. Arthur Bostwick who was baptized in Tarporley, County of Cheshire, England on December 22, 1603. The market town of Tarporley is about 170 miles northwest of London. Arthur immigrated to America about 1639 and lived in Stratford, Fairfield County, Connecticut.

Also along the line of descendants was Osmer Botesoche's, Gr x 6 Grandson, Sir Warine De Bostock, a Knight who married Countess of Lincoln, Hawise de Kevelioc (1080-1043). Her lineage is documented to Henry I Beauclerc (1068-1135) who reigned as the King of England during the years 1100-1135. On November 11, 1100, King Henry married Matilda Edith, Princess of Scotland (1079-1118). She was the daughter of Malcom III (1031-1093), who reigned as the King of the Scots during the years 1058-1093.

With our direct ancestral connection to King of England Henry I in mind we relate his connection to the following Monarchs:

- The ancestors of King of England Henry I can be traced back through 6 reigns of Saxon/English Monarchs to Egbert of Wessex (770-839) who was King of Wessex, the Saxon Kingdom and the island's predecessor for the current English throne.
- Along the line of English ancestors was Eadgifu of Wessex (896-951), wife of Charles the III, King of France. (879-929). His French ancestors can be traced back to Pepin III (714-768), King of the Franks, the predecessor kingdom for the French throne. The descendants for Pepin III can be carried forward through 55 reigns of Franks/French Monarchs to Phillippe I (1773-1850), the last King of France.
- Returning to King of England Henry I, his descendants can be traced forward through 37 reigns of English Monarchs to the current English Monarch, Queen Elizabeth II.
- Along the line of English descendants was King of England Henry VIII (1491-1547), the husband of Catherine of Argon, Princess of Spain. She was the daughter of Ferdinand II (1451-1504), King of Aragon, one of the predecessor kingdoms for the current Spanish throne. Ferdinand's descendants can be traced forward through 21 reigns of Spanish Monarchs to Juan Carlos I, the current King of Spain.
- Returning again to King of England Henry I, among his American descendants (other than the Author) is Barbara Pierce Bush, wife of the 41 st President of the United States, George Herbert

Walker Bush. An additional 14 former Presidents of the United States will be found among the Bush American ancestors.

- Returning once again to King of England Henry I, his wife Matilda was the daughter of Malcom III, King of Scots (1031-1093) whose ancestry can be traced back through 29 reigns of Scottish Monarchs to Fergus Mor Mmac Earca (d. 501) who was not only the 1st King of Scotland but also the 131 st King of Ireland. His ancestry, in turn, can be traced back through 131 reigns of the Irish Monarch ancestral chain to Milesius, King of Galicia and another predecessor kingdom for the current throne of Spain. His sons Heremon and Heber conquered the lands ultimately known as Ireland and jointly become Ireland's first rulers in 1700BC. Malcom's descendants can also be carried forward 23 reigns of Scottish Monarchs to James VI (1566-1625), the last separate King of Scots. (Henceforth the crowns of England and Scotland united under the current Kingdom of Great Britain).

While the pedigree that follows is interesting, it should be read with a skeptical eye. The further you go the more skeptical your eye should become.

Depending upon where your skepticism begins, the author of this accompanying family research, Donald Lee Purfeerst, can lay claim to ancestral generations that number somewhere between 50 and 200 plus.

“Irish Pedigrees or the Origin and Stem of the Irish Nation”, by John O' Hart is one of the best known Irish genealogical publications in the world. The first edition appeared in 1876 but was followed by several subsequent editions that added greatly to the overall size of the work. The most quoted edition was published in New York in 1923, some 20 years after the author's death. O'Hart used many sources to compile the information that appears in his major work His principle sources were published Gaelic genealogies like those of O'Cleary, MacFirbis and O'Ferrell. Along with Gaelic annuals, he was able to reconstruct the medieval and ancient pedigrees. Using later published sources like those of Burke, Collins and Harris he was able to extend those lineages into the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. The most important information, however, was gathered directly from families concerned, often from private papers or family tradition.

Irish mythology records indicate that every family was descended from Milesius of Spain. The Christian Monks who wrote these genealogies 2,500 years after Milesius also added their own beliefs. They recorded that Milesius was the 36th descent from Adam. O'Hart, being an ardent believer of Gaelic myths and Christianity, followed their example.

It begins as follows....

1. ADAM and EVE (mortal creation 4004BC- died 3074BC)

Adam the first man, not born but made of red earth by the Heavenly Father on the sixth day of Creation, and God breathed into him the Breath of Life. Eve the first woman, not born but made of one of Adam's ribs by her Heavenly Father on the sixth day of creation; and God breathed into her the Breath of Life. Adam lived for 930 years; 3074 years before Christ was born and 726 years before The Flood. (Genesis 2-5)

2. Seth, son of Adam. The patriarch of this line called the "Sons of God" was given the place of Abel as the Root of Christ's Progenitors to enjoy the special blessings of the New Covenant. Seth was born soon

after the murder of Abel and died at the age of 912 years. He lived contemporary with all the Patriarchs of the Family, except Noah. Seth married his sister Azura. (3874-2962BC) (Genesis 5:3)

3. ENOSH, son of Seth, married his sister Noam. (3769-2864BC) (Genesis 5:7)

4. CAINAN, son of Enosh, married his sister Mualeleth. (3679-2769BC). (Genesis 5:9)

5. MAHALALEEL, son of Cainan, married Dina, daughter of Barakiel (3609-2714BC) (Genesis 5:12)

6. JARED, son of Mahalaleel, married Baraka, daughter of Rachujal. (3544-2582BC) (Genesis 5:15)

7. ENOCH, son of Jared, married Edna, daughter of Daniel. (3382-3017BC) (Genesis 5:18)

8. METHUSELAH, son of Enoch, died about 7 days before The Flood. He married Edna, daughter of Azrial, begetting children in all 969 years. (3317-2348BC) (Genesis 5:21)

9. LANECH, son of Methuselah. (3130-2353BC) (Genesis 5:25)

10. NOAH is the Patriarch of all persons that lived on the earth since his day. The builder of the ARK, at divine direction, that saved human and animal life from the deluge. The flood occurred 1664 years after creation. After the flood God established a covenant with Noah who had married Naamah, daughter of Tzilah. Noah's sons are eponymous ancestors of all races, as humanity is divided in the Bible: Shem (father of Semitic (Asian) people from the Euphrates to the Indian Ocean), Ham (father of African people, Syria and Arabia), and Japheth (father of the European people and the remainder of Asia beyond the Euphrates). (2943-1998BC). (Genesis 5:28-10:1)

11. JAPHETH is the eldest son of Noah and the ancestor of most, if not all, Indo-European people who occupy the areas of the Gentiles which encompasses the non-Semitic lands of the Mediterranean. His descendants were dispersed over European coasts of the Mediterranean and the districts adjoining the Black and Caspian seas, forming what is now called the Indo-European family of nations including North East Asia Minor (Turkey), lands north east of the Black Sea (modern day Russia) and Armenia. Also Ukraine where was located the Scythian capitol of Gelonus. He had fifteen sons, dividing his share of Europe and Asia among them. (1244-1846BC)

12. MAGOG, son of Japheth, settled the land of Magog near the Black Sea (equivalent to Scythian) (southern Russia) and Milesian Irish bloodlines. Magog actually means "from Gog" which, in the Bible, is identified as "the country at the four corners of the world". Scholars equate this location as being Anatolia, also known by the Latin name, Asia Minor: that portion of Turkey that sits at the intersection of Asia and Europe. Mount Ararat, said to be the location where Noah's Arc rested after the flood, is in the northeast corner of this land, between the Caspian Sea, the world's largest inland body of water, and the Black Sea. Born 2342BC

13. BAOTH, son of Magog, first King of Scythia, north of the Caspian Sea. This is the region north and northeast of the Black Sea whose flooding, in Biblical times, was said to be the source of Noah's flood.

Note: The location and extent of Scythia, the land of the Scythians, varied over time from Mongolia to the Danube River area. The peoples formed a network of nomadic tribes of horse-riding conquerors. They invaded many areas of Eurasia and southern Europe. They spoke the Iranian language. No certain explanation exists to account for how they migrated to the Ukraine.

They never had a written language so most of today's information on them comes from the Greeks. The Scythians apparently obtained their wealth from their control of the slave trade. Recent digs in Belsk, Ukraine uncovered a vast city believed to be the Scythian capital Gelonus.

14. FEINIUSA (Phoeniusa) FARSAIDH, son of Baoth, King of the Scythian Nation. Feinius Farsaidh or Fenius Farsa or Phenix founded the Phoenicians, created at the time of the Tower of Babel. He founded a university near Peothena to teach the languages that confounded the builders of the Tower. The town of Byblos became their predominant center where, about 1500BC, they invented syllabic writings: the Phoenician Alphabet. It was the first true alphabet consisting of single letters and was the basis for the Greek alphabet from which all European alphabets were derived. From the city's name was derived the English word Bible. His descendants were called Phoenicians who founded independent cities along the Mediterranean Sea, notably Carthage in North Africa.

15. NIUL son of Feinius, born near the Tower of Babel and was a teacher at the Peothena University. The Prince educated the Scythians so successfully that he was invited to Egypt by Pharaoh Cingeris, King of Egypt, who then gave Niul his daughter Scotia in marriage. Their descendants were called Scots. She was reputed to have been the daughter who rescued Moses from the Bullrushes. Early 12th century to late 13th century.

16. GAEDHEAL (Gadhal) Glas, eldest son of Niul. He was bitten by a serpent while the Prince and his father were at the Hebrew Camp, but was immediately cured by being touched by the "Rod of Moses." Moses then prophesied that no venomous creature should ever live in any place where the posterity of Gadhal should settle. Both Crete and Ireland are free of poisonous snakes -- and were inhabited by his descendants. In return for this kindness, Gadhal and his father supplied the Israelites with provisions for their journey. His descendants were called Gaels or Celts. Born 1571BC

17. ASRUTH (Easruth), son of Gadheal, succeeded his father and governed the colony after his father's death. He was born in Egypt.

18. SRUTH, son of Asruth, succeeded his father, but when Pharaoh marched against Capacirunt, Prince Sruth and his colony were expelled from Egypt due to animosities resulting from their previous support of the Israelites. His descendants founded or populated the Island of Crete, Carthage (Getulia) in North Africa, Tyre on the Island of Sor in Caanan and later allotted the land of Phoenia (Phoenicia) by the Israelites.

19. HEBER SCUTT, son of Sruth, was born in Egypt and went with his father to Crete. After his father's death he left for the ancestral home of Scythia, those regions north and northeast of the Black Sea, where the colony remained for four generations.

20. BOEDUMAN (Beouman/Beman) King of Scythia

21. AGHAMAN (Ogaman) King of Scythia

22. TAIT MAC OGAMAIN, King of Scythia

23. AGNAN MAC TAIT (Agnon) Fought hand in hand with Reffleoir, King of Scythia, and slew him.

24. LAMHFION MAC AGNON (Laimhfion). He met a prophet, Druid, who told him that his descendants would find no peace until they reached Ireland three hundred years hence. He then traveled from Crete to Getulia (Gothland) in North Africa. He did not reign.

25. HEBER GLUANFIONN (Gunfionn) MAC LAMHFIONN was born in Gothland. Called Lord of Gothland where Carthage is now located in North Africa.
26. AGHNOFHONN GETULIA (Agnon Fionn) Lord of Gothland
27. FAOBHAR GLASS (Febri/Febric) Lord of Gothia
28. NENUAILL King of Getulia
29. NUADHAD (Nungatt) MAC NENAIL, Lord of Getulia
30. EALLIOTT ALLADH Lord of Gothia
31. EARCADA GETULIA Lord of Getulia
32. DEAGNAIOH (Deag) MAC AIRCEDA, of Scythia
33. BARTH, reflecting upon the forecast that the people should settle in Ireland, he left Getulia and settled in the Kingdom of Galacia in Northwest Spain.

Note: Historically, Galicia is heir to the Roman Gallaecia which included parts of what is today western Spain and northern Portugal. The official language of the Autonomous Community is Galician.

34. BREOGAN (Brigus) MAC BRATHA born in Spain. He was King of many cities in Spain that he conquered with his ten sons and their followers. He also settled a colony in York, Lancaster, Durham, Westmoreland and Cumberland areas in Britain where he later fought the Romans.
35. BILLE (Getula) MAC NEMAIN, King of Galicia
36. MILESIUS, son of Bille. He was named Galamh, but was more commonly called Milesius, King of Spain and was married to Princess Scota, daughter of Nectanebus, Pharaoh of Egypt. He was King of Spain for many years and sent eight of his sons to Ireland during a famine in Spain, to find a new home for his people. He died before he personally could fulfill the prophesy to live there. Five of the eight sons died during the invasion but they conquered Ireland in 1699BC. Sons Heber and Heremon divided the kingdom among them and jointly become the first of 183 Monarchs that governed Ireland successively for two thousand eight hundred and eighty-five years.
37. HEREMON Second King of Ireland (1700BC)
38. IRIAL FAIDH Tenth King of Ireland (1680-1671BC).
39. EITHRIAL PICT Eleventh King of Ireland (1670-1651BC).
40. FALACH FOLLIAN Twelfth King of Ireland (1650-1621BC).
41. TIGHERNMAS Thirteenth King of Ireland (1620-1544BC).
42. EANBHOTH, Prince of Ireland

43. SMIORGUIL, Prince of Ireland
44. FIACHA LABHRAINNE Eighteenth King of Ireland (1472-1449BC).
45. AENGUS OLMUCADHA Twentieth King of Ireland (1427-1410BC).
46. MAEN MAINE, Prince of Ireland
47. ROITHEACHAIGH Twenty-second King of Ireland (1382-1356BC).
48. DIAN DENIUS Prince of Ireland
49. SIRNA Thirty-fourth King of Ireland (1180-1031BC).
50. OIOLL OLLCHAIN Prince of Ireland.
51. GIALlachADH Thirty-seventh King of Ireland (1022-1014BC).
52. NUADHAT FINNFAIL Thirty-ninth King of Ireland (1001-962BC).
53. SIMON BRAC Forty-fourth King of Ireland (909-904BC).
54. MUIREADHACH BOLGRACH Forty-sixth King of Ireland (893BC)
55. FIACHA TOLGRACH Fifty-fifth King of Ireland (805-796BC).
56. DUACH LADHGRACH Fifty-ninth King of Ireland (747-738BC).
57. EOCHaidH BUADHACH Prince of Ireland.
58. UGAINE MOR Sixty-sixth King of Ireland (633-594). He married Ceasair Cruthach, daughter of the King of Franks. Had 25 children & divided Ireland among them.
59. COBHThACH CAEL BREAGH Sixty-ninth King of Ireland (591-542BC).
60. MELGHE MOLBHThACH Seventy-first King of Ireland (522-506BC).
61. JURAN GLOSFATHACH Seventy-fourth King of Ireland (480-474BC).
62. CONNLA CAEMH Seventh-sixth King of Ireland (462-443BC).
63. OILIOLL CAISFHIACLACH Seventy-seventh King of Ireland (422-418BC).
63. EOCHaidH FOLTLEATHAN Seventy-ninth King of Ireland (413-396BC).
64. AENGHUS TUIRMHEACH-TEAMHRACH (AUGUS II) Eighty-first King of Ireland (384-326BC).
65. ENNA AIGHNEACH Eighty-fourth King of Ireland (312-293BC).

66. LABHRA LUIRE, Prince of Ireland
67. BLATHACHTA, Prince of Ireland
68. ASSAMAN EAMHNA, Prince of Ireland
69. ROIGHEN RUADH, Prince of Ireland
70. FIONNLOGH, Prince of Ireland
71. EOCHaidH FIEDHLEACH Ninety-third King of Ireland (142-131BC).
72. BREAS NAR LOTHAN, Prince of Ireland
73. LUGHAIDH SRIABH NDEAEG Ninety-eighth King of Ireland (34-9BC).
74. CRIMHthANN NAIDH NAR One-hundredth King of Ireland (7BC-9AD) (reigned when Christ was born).
75. FEREDACH FIONN FEACHTNACH One hundred and second King of Ireland (15-36) .
76. FIAOCHA FIONN OLA One hundred and third King of Ireland (37-39).
77. TUATHAL TEACHTMHAR One hundred and sixth King of Ireland (77-106).
78. FELM RACHTMAR One hundred and eighth King of England (111-119)
79. CONN CEADCATHA One hundred and tenth King of Ireland (123-157).
80. ART EAN FHEAR One hundred and twelfth King of Ireland (166-199).
81. MAC ART CORMAC One hundred and fifteenth King of Ireland (227-266).
82. CAIRBRE LIFFECHAR One hundred and seventeenth King of Ireland (268-284).
83. FIACHA SRAIBHTINE One hundred and twentieth King of Ireland (286-322)
84. MUIREADNACH TIREACH One hundred and twenty second King of Ireland (327-356).
85. EOCHaidH MUIGHMHEADDOIN One hundred and twenty fourth King of Ireland. (358-365).
86. NIALl NAOIGHIALLACH One hundred and twenty sixth King of Ireland (379-405)
87. FOGHAN died 465.
88. MUREDACH married MARCA (Eorca) daughter of Loare, King of Dalriada
89. FERGUS MOR MAC EARCA One hundred thirty first King of Ireland; first King of Dalriad Scots (496-499). The first absolute King of all Scotland of the Milesian Race. (died 501)

90. DOMANGART O DALIADA King of Scots (501-506)
91. GABHRAN (Goranus) King of Scots (537- 559).
92. AIDEN MAC GABHRANDHAN King of Scots (574-608).
93. EOCHAIDH BUIDHE MACAIDAN King of Scots (608-630).
94. DOMNALL BREAC King of Scots (630-643).
95. DOMANGARS II (659-673).
96. EOCHAID II King of Scots (695-696).
97. EOCHAIDH III (Eugenius) (726-733).
98. AEDH FIND (Hugh) King of Scots (748-778).
99. EOCHAID III King of Scots (748-780).
100. ALPIN King of Scots (839- 841)
101. KENNETH MAC ALPIN King of Picts and Scots (844-859).
102. CONSTANTINE II King of Scots (863-877).
103. DONALD II (Donvenald) King of Scots (889-900).
104. MALCOM I King of Scots (942-954)
105. KENNETH II King of Scots (971-995)
106. MALCOLM II King of Scots (1005-1034)
107. BEATRICE Countess of Scone who married Crinan. (d.1045). They did not reign.
108. DUNCAN I King of Scots (1034-1040)
109. MALCOM III King of Scots (1058-1093)
110. MATILDA EDITH, Princess of Scotland (1079-1118), sister of Edgar, King of Scotland, married King of England Henry I Beauclerc (1068-1135), youngest son of William The Conqueror, King of England.
111. MATILDA of Normandy (1101-1169), Princess of England, daughter of King Henry I, married Count Geoffrey V (1113-1151), son of Count of Anjou, France
112. HENRY II King of England (1132-1189). Born in France, married Duchess Eleanore, (1122-1202), daughter of Guillaume X, Duke of Aquitaine, France.

113. JOHN I King of England (1167-1216). Married Isabella d' Angouleme, daughter of Count d'Angouleme, France. King John was a signature to the Magna Charta.
114. Eleanor of England, (1215-1275) daughter of King John I married Simon de Montfort VI, 6 th Earl of Leicester (1208-1265), son of Simon de Montfort V, 5 th Earl of Leicester.
115. Simon de Montfort V, 5 th Earl of Leicester (1208-1265), son of Robert IV, 4 th Earl of Leicester. Married Alix de Montmorency, (-1220) daughter of Bourchard VI, Baron de Montmorency, France.
116. Robert IV of Beaumont, 4 th Earl of Leicester (-1201), son of Robert III Blanchemain, 3 rd Earl of Leicester, married Laurette.
117. Robert III Blanchemain, 3 rd Earl of Leicester (-1190), son of Robert II de Beaumont, 2 nd Earl of Leicester, married Petronilla of Grantmesnil.
118. Amica de Beaumont, daughter of Robert III Blanchemain, 3 rd Earl of Leichester, married Simon de Montfort III, Count of Evereux (1240-1271).
119. Bertrade de Montfort, daughter of Simon de Montfort III, married Hugh Keveloic, 3 rd Earl of Chester.
120. Hawise de Chester, Countess of Lincoln, daughter of Hugh Keveloic, Palantine Earl of Chester, married Sir Warren De Bostock, Knight of Bostock...

... and on to the aforementioned

English and American Bostock & Bostwick Descendants
and the
Purfürst, Purfurst, Purfuerst and Purfeerst Connection
to
Donald Lee Purfeerst

